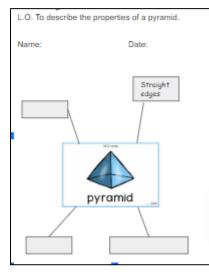
Enabling Instructions – Top Tips



 Make sure children are paying attention to the speaker before you give instructions, particularly if instructions are given after a longer teacher input.

-Ensure children are facing the person talking and tell them you are going to give an instruction now to focus their attention.



- Provide a visual, for example, show a picture of the finished product, or

To listen we need to ...

turn to the person talking model steps using a visualiser. This will support children to know what is expected of them.

- 'Chunk' instructions and use the simplest language possible, for example, rather than saying 'I'd like you to go to your tables, write your name in the corner of the paper and then start drawing your picture,' say one step at a time: Stand up [pause for them to do this] Find your seats [Pause] write your name *here* [Model].



-Give instructions in chronological order, this means saying them in the order it will happen. Rather than saying: 'Before we get our coats, put your books away.' Say 'First put your books away, next get your coat.'

-Explain the meaning of instruction words such as: match, describe, compare, explain, label. Don't presume children understand these tricky words that we use often - display them in the classroom.

- Target pupils to check their understanding – who does an adult need to check in with? Can the child repeat back to you what they need to do before they attempt the task?



- If pupils are finding it difficult to follow multi-step instructions, a home-made task planner could be drawn by an adult on a whiteboard.

-Model the first step, 'talking out loud' as you do it.

